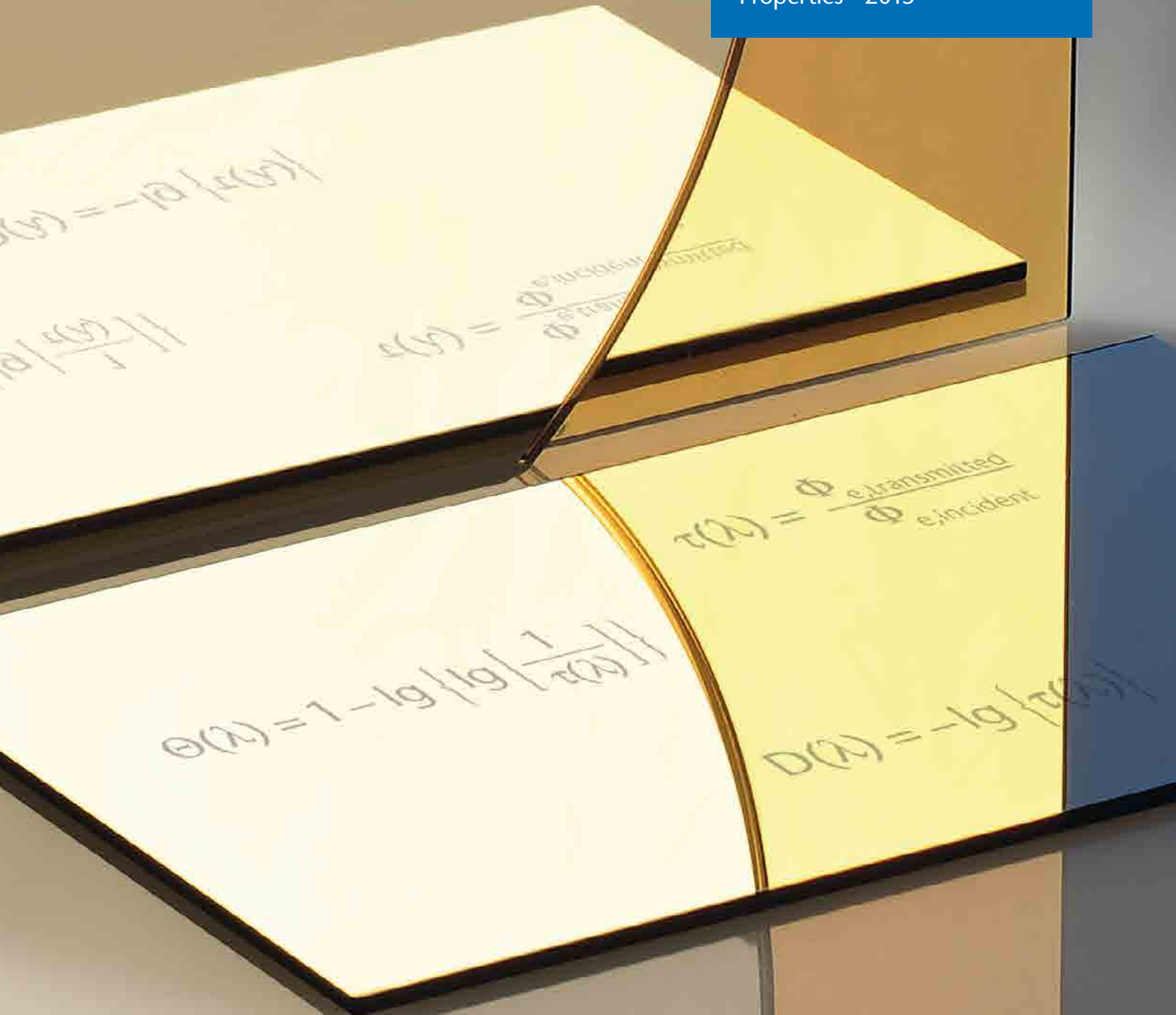


## Interference Filters & Special Filters

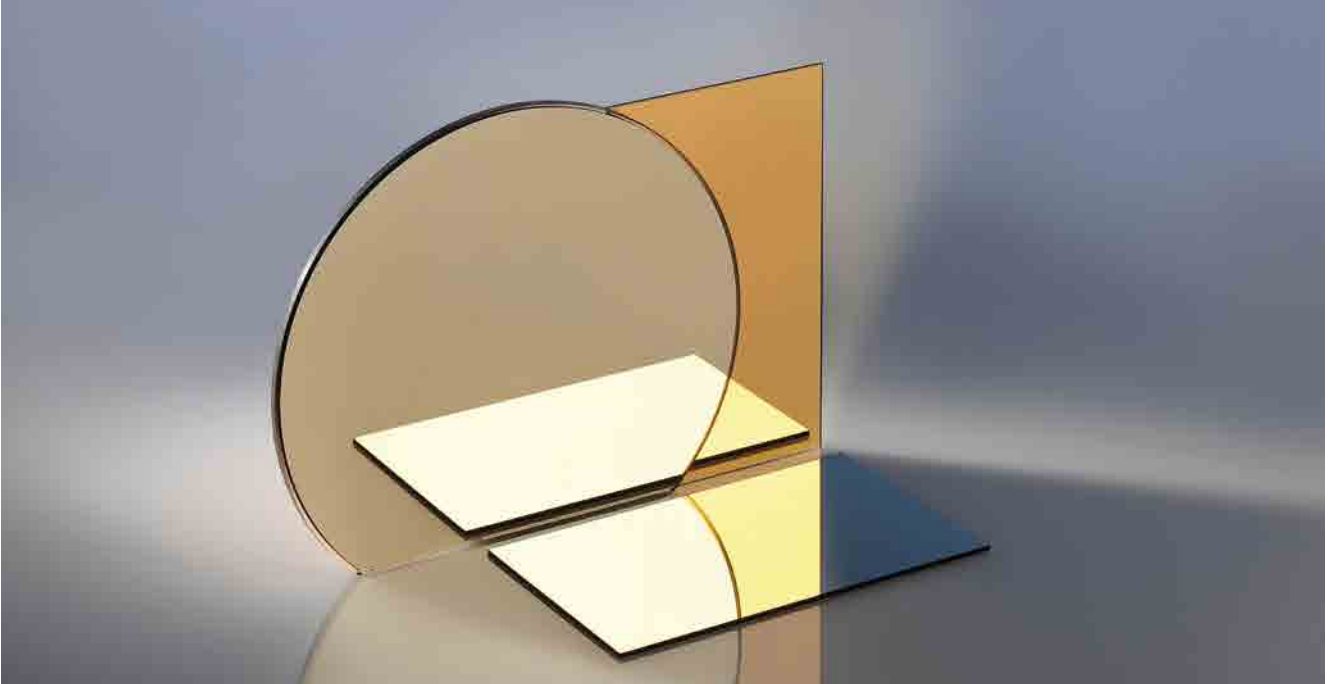
Properties - 2015



SCHOTT is an international technology group with more than 125 years of experience in the areas of specialty glasses and materials and advanced technologies. With our high-quality products and intelligent solutions, we contribute to our customers' success and make SCHOTT part of everyone's life.

SCHOTT Advanced Optics, with its deep technological expertise, is a valuable partner for its customers in developing products and customized solutions for applications in optics, lithography, astronomy, opto-electronics, life sciences, and research. With a product portfolio of more than 120 optical glasses, special materials and components, we master the value chain: from customized glass development to high-precision optical product finishing and metrology.

SCHOTT: Your Partner for Excellence in Optics.



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# 1. SCHOTT interference product range

SCHOTT was one of the inventors of interference filters dating back since 1939. Based on this long history of experience the filter portfolio is suited to fit all applications of our customers. Most of our interference filters are designed to meet customers' specifications. Besides interference filters SCHOTT provides also optical filter glass, or a combination of interference filters and optical filter glass. The interference and special filter portfolio of SCHOTT includes the following types of filters:

- Longpass interference filters
- Shortpass interference filters
- Bandpass interference filters
- Neutral density thin-film filters
- Notch filters
- Beam splitters
- Polarizing beam splitters
- Black chrome coatings
- AR coatings: V-coating, broadband, multi-band, hard or scratch-resistant
- Transparent conductive oxide coating
- Linear variable filters
- Dielectric (laser) mirrors
- Metallic mirrors

In addition we offer barrier coatings like humidity resistant, scratch-resistant, or anti-fingerprint coatings.

Besides the filters mentioned in this "[Properties](#)" brochure we offer **customized interference filters**. Actually most of our filters are customized and we would be glad to assist you with our experienced team to find the right filter solution for your application. Please do not hesitate to contact us at an early stage of your development.

The following pages hold questionnaires on all individual filter types which should be used in order to place a request. The inquired data helps us to select the optimized filter for you and provide a customized solution reflecting your requirements.

Combinations of interference filters and optical filter glass are also part of our portfolio. Such combinations can be used for:

- Linear variable filters (VERIL), using filter glass and an additional interference filter coating
- Tristimulus filters using filter glass combinations
- Bandpass filters with broad band rejection achieved by filter glass with interference filter

## 2. General information on listed data

All data listed in this “**Properties**” brochure are to be understood as reference values. Guaranteed values are only those values listed in this “**Properties**” brochure.

The graphically depicted transmittance curves serve as an initial overview to aid you in finding the most suitable optical filter type for your application.

Unless otherwise indicated, all data are valid for a temperature of 23 °C.

Upon inquiry, the reference values can be more closely specified and the guaranteed values can be adapted to your requirements, where possible.

We constantly strive to improve our products to your advantage through innovation and new technical developments. Therefore, we reserve the right to change the optical and non-optical data of our filters without prior notice.

The release of this brochure replaces all previous publications.

The new brochures were assembled with the utmost care; however, we assume no liability in the unlikely event that there are content or printing errors.

The abbreviations:

- **UV** stand for ultra-violet and corresponds approximately for wavelengths below 400 nm
- **VIS** stand for visible light and corresponds approximately for wavelength range between 380 nm and 780 nm
- **IR** stand for infrared and corresponds approximately for wavelengths above 800 nm

### 3. Questionnaire Bandpass filter

Please copy and enter your specific requirements.

Spectral filter values		
Center wavelength	$\lambda_m =$	[nm]
Tolerance of cwl	$= \pm$	[nm]
Half width [nm] (HW = full width at half maximum)	HW =	
Tolerance of HW	$= \pm$	[nm]
Peak transmittance within passband	$\tau_{max} \geq$	
Tenth width Half width	Q approx.	
Thousandth width Half width	q approx.	
Blocking range, short-wave	from $\lambda_{s1} =$ to $\lambda_{s2} =$	[nm] [nm]
Upper transmittance limit within short-wave block- ing range	$\tau'_s =$	
Blocking range, long-wave	from $\lambda_{s3} =$ to $\lambda_{s4} =$	[nm] [nm]
Upper transmittance limit within long-wave block- ing range	$\tau''_s =$	
Dimensions, with tolerances		
External dimensions:		[mm]
Size of utilizable area:		[mm]
Maximum thickness:		[mm]
Requirements		
Quantity:		[pcs]
Required delivery date:		
Are repeat orders to be expected?		[pcs/a]
Inquiry from:		

Application/problem	
Kind of radiation/source:	
Kind of detector:	
Optical arrangement	Polarization state of radiation
Angle of incidence:	<input type="checkbox"/> unpolarized
Angle of aperture:	<input type="checkbox"/> p-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> photometric beam	<input type="checkbox"/> s-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> imaging beam	
Operating conditions	
Maximum operating temperature:	
Other operating conditions:	
Additional demands or wishes	
Quality documents	
Measurement documents:	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per lot
	<input type="checkbox"/> label per filter ( $\lambda_m$ , HW, $\tau_{max}$ )
<input type="checkbox"/> transmission	
<input type="checkbox"/> reflection	
<input type="checkbox"/> blocking (logarithmic)	
Other quality-documents:	

## 4. Questionnaire Shortpass filter

Please copy and enter your specific requirements.

Spectral filter values		
Edge wavelength	$\lambda_c =$	[nm]
Tolerance of $\lambda_c$	$= \pm$	[nm]
Transmittance at $\lambda_c$	$\tau(\lambda_c) =$	
1st passband	from $\lambda_{D1} =$ to $\lambda_D =$	[nm] [nm]
Minimum passband transmittance in 1st passband	$\tau'_D =$	
2nd passband	from $\lambda_{D1} =$ to $\lambda_D =$	[nm] [nm]
Minimum passband transmittance in 2nd passband	$\tau'_D =$	
1st blocking range	from $\lambda_{S1} =$ to $\lambda_{S2} =$	[nm] [nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 1st blocking range	$\tau'_s =$	
2nd blocking range	from $\lambda_{S3} =$ to $\lambda_{S4} =$	[nm] [nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 2nd blocking range	$\tau''_s =$	
3rd blocking range	from $\lambda_{S5} =$ to $\lambda_{S6} =$	[nm] [nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 3rd blocking range	$\tau'''_s =$	
Dimensions, with tolerances		
External dimensions:		[mm]
Size of utilizable area:		[mm]
Maximum thickness:		[mm]
Requirements		
Quantity:		[pcs]
Required delivery date:		
Are repeat orders to be expected?		[pcs/a]
Inquiry from:		

Application/problem	
Kind of radiation/source:	
Kind of detector:	
Optical arrangement	Polarization state of radiation
Angle of incidence:	<input type="checkbox"/> unpolarized
Angle of aperture:	<input type="checkbox"/> p-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> photometric beam	<input type="checkbox"/> s-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> imaging beam	
Operating conditions	
Maximum operating temperature:	
Other operating conditions:	
Additional demands or wishes	
Quality documents	
Measurement documents:	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per lot <input type="checkbox"/> label per filter ( $\lambda_c$ , HW, $\tau_{max}$ )
<input type="checkbox"/> transmission	
<input type="checkbox"/> reflection	
<input type="checkbox"/> blocking (logarithmic)	
Other quality-documents:	

## 5. Questionnaire Longpass filter

Please copy and enter your specific requirements.

Spectral filter values		
Edge wavelength	$\lambda_c =$	[nm]
Tolerance of $\lambda_c$	$= \pm$	[nm]
Transmittance at $\lambda_c$	$\tau(\lambda_c) =$	
1st passband	from $\lambda_{D1} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_D =$	[nm]
Minimum passband transmittance in 1st passband	$\tau'_D =$	
2nd passband	from $\lambda_{D1} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_D =$	[nm]
Minimum passband transmittance in 2nd passband	$\tau'_D =$	
1st blocking range	from $\lambda_{S1} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_{S2} =$	[nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 1st blocking range	$\tau'_s =$	
2nd blocking range	from $\lambda_{S3} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_{S4} =$	[nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 2nd blocking range	$\tau''_s =$	
3rd blocking range	from $\lambda_{S5} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_{S6} =$	[nm]
Upper transmittance limit within 3rd blocking range	$\tau'''_s =$	
Dimensions, with tolerances		
External dimensions:		[mm]
Size of utilizable area:		[mm]
Maximum thickness:		[mm]
Requirements		
Quantity:		[pcs]
Required delivery date:		
Are repeat orders to be expected?		[pcs/a]
Inquiry from:		

Application/problem	
Kind of radiation/source:	
Kind of detector:	
Optical arrangement	Polarization state of radiation
Angle of incidence:	<input type="checkbox"/> unpolarized <input type="checkbox"/> p-polarized <input type="checkbox"/> s-polarized
Angle of aperture:	
<input type="checkbox"/> photometric beam	
<input type="checkbox"/> imaging beam	
Operating conditions	
Maximum operating temperature:	
Other operating conditions:	
Additional demands or wishes	
Quality documents	
Measurement documents:	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per lot <input type="checkbox"/> label per filter ( $\lambda_c$ , HW, $\tau_{max}$ )
<input type="checkbox"/> transmission <input type="checkbox"/> reflection <input type="checkbox"/> blocking (logarithmic)	
Other quality-documents:	



## 6. Questionnaire Anti-reflection coating

Please copy and enter your specific requirements.

Spectral values		
Antireflection in 1st passband	from $\lambda_{D1} =$ to $\lambda_{D2} =$	[nm] [nm]
Reflection level in 1st passband	$\rho \leq$	[%]
Antireflection in 2nd passband	from $\lambda_{D3} =$ to $\lambda_{D4} =$	[nm] [nm]
Reflection level in 2nd passband	$\rho \leq$	[%]
Operating conditions		
For laser applications:		
<input type="checkbox"/> CW	power:	[kW]
<input type="checkbox"/> pulsed laser	pulse width:	
	repetition rate:	
	beam diameter:	
Desired LIDT:		[J/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
Maximum operating temperature:		
Quality documents		
Measurement documents:	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per lot	
	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per piece	
Other quality documents:		
Special functions		
For scratch-resistant applications:	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Easy to clean top-coat:	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Dimensions, with tolerances		
External dimensions:	$\pm$	[mm]
Size of utilizable area:	$\pm$	[mm]
Lenses: radius of curvature	$\pm$	[mm]
(Center) thickness:	$\pm$	[mm]
Requirements		
Quantity:		[pcs]
Required delivery date:		
Are repeat orders to be expected?		[pcs/a]

Application/problem	
Kind of radiation/source:	
Kind of detector:	
Optical arrangement	Polarization state of radiation
Angle of incidence:	<input type="checkbox"/> unpolarized
Angle of aperture:	<input type="checkbox"/> p-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> photometric beam	<input type="checkbox"/> s-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> imaging beam Pixel-size:	
Additional demands or wishes	
Inquiry from:	

## 7. Questionnaire Mirror coating

Please copy and enter your specific requirements.

Spectral values		
1st reflection-band	from $\lambda_{D1} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_{D2} =$	[nm]
Reflection level in 1st band	$\rho \geq$	[%]
2nd reflection-band	from $\lambda_{D3} =$	[nm]
	to $\lambda_{D4} =$	[nm]
Reflection level in 2nd band	$\rho \geq$	[%]
Operating conditions		
For laser applications:		
<input type="checkbox"/> CW	power:	[kW]
<input type="checkbox"/> pulsed laser	pulse width:	
	repetition rate:	
	beam diameter:	
Desired LIDT:		[J/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
Maximum operating temperature:		
Quality documents		
Measurement documents:	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per lot	
	<input type="checkbox"/> curve per piece	
Other quality documents:		
Dimensions, with tolerances		
External dimensions:	$\pm$	[mm]
Size of utilizable area:	$\pm$	[mm]
Thickness:	$\pm$	[mm]
Requirements		
Quantity:		[pcs]
Required delivery date:		
Are repeat orders to be expected?		[pcs/a]

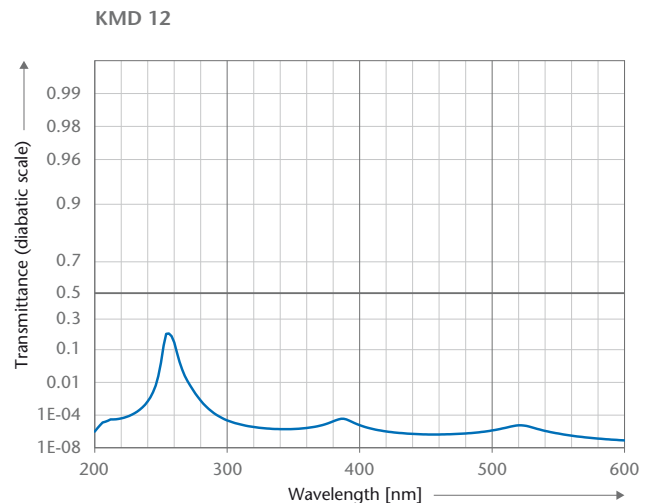
Application/problem	
Kind of radiation/source:	
Kind of detector:	
Optical arrangement	Polarization state of radiation
Angle of incidence:	<input type="checkbox"/> unpolarized
Angle of aperture:	<input type="checkbox"/> p-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> photometric beam	<input type="checkbox"/> s-polarized
<input type="checkbox"/> imaging beam Pixel-size:	
Additional demands or wishes	
Inquiry from:	

## 8. Datasheets

This chapter provides technical information of interference filters, special filters and coatings offered by SCHOTT Advanced Optics. A table for each filter type is displayed containing all relevant data. The shown graphics illustrate typical curves for overview purposes.

### UV bandpass filter KMD 12 Spectral range 200–333 nm

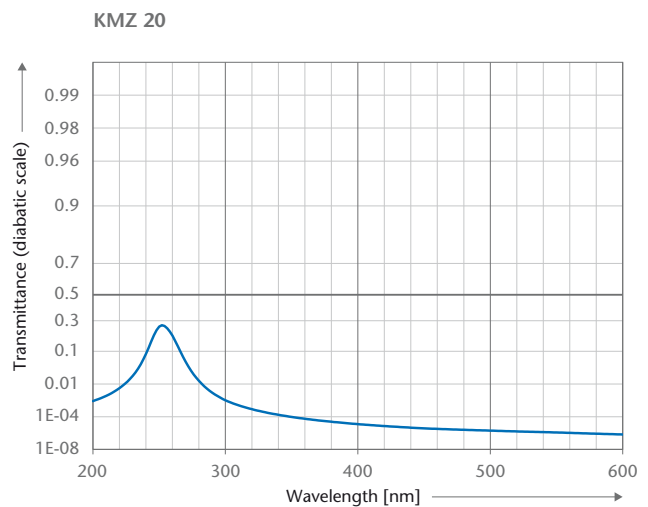
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 0.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	200–333 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	9–13 ( $\lambda_m$ from 200 nm to 239 nm) 11–15 ( $\lambda_m$ from 240 nm to 333 nm)
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.15$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 195 nm to 239 nm) $\geq 0.18$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 240 nm to 333 nm)
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 5
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	Filters delivered in mounts only Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.15$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
Thickness	4.75 +/- 0.1
Other dimensions upon request	



# UV bandpass filter KMZ 20

Spectral range 200–333 nm

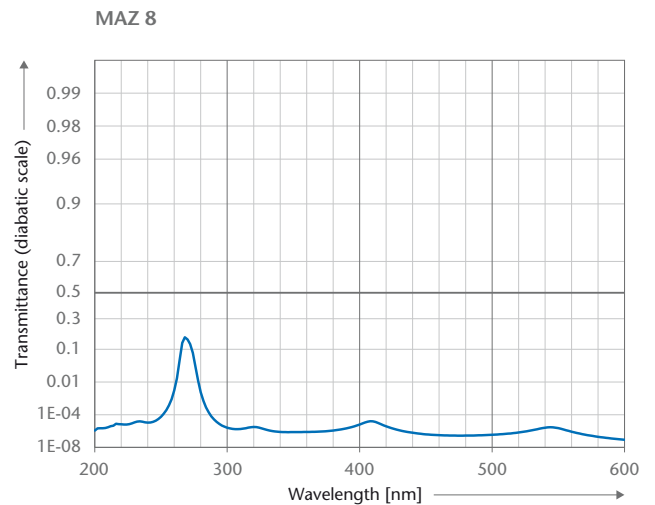
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	200–333 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	18–24
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.20$
Q	approx. 2.0
q	approx. 6.0
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	Filters delivered in mounts only Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.15$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
Thickness	$4.75 \pm 0.1$
Other dimensions upon request	



# UV bandpass filter MAZ 8

Spectral range 220–333 nm

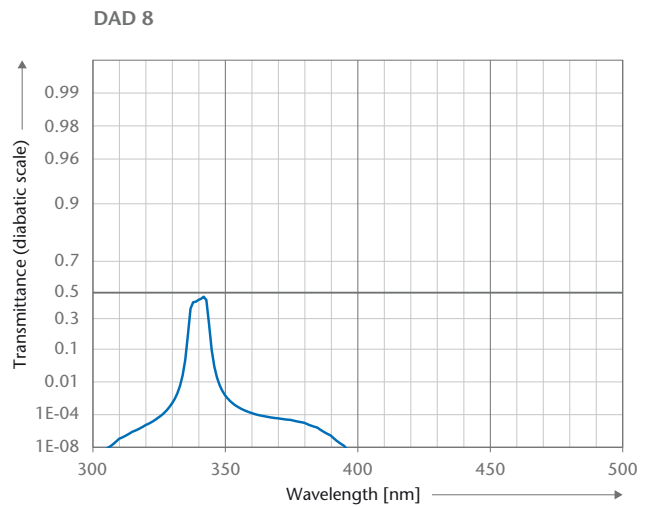
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 0.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	220–333 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	6–10
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.15$
Q	approx. 1.75
q	approx. 4.5
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	Filters delivered in mounts only Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.15$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
Thickness	$4.75 \pm 0.1$
Other dimensions upon request	



# UV bandpass filter DAD 8

Spectral range 334–399 nm

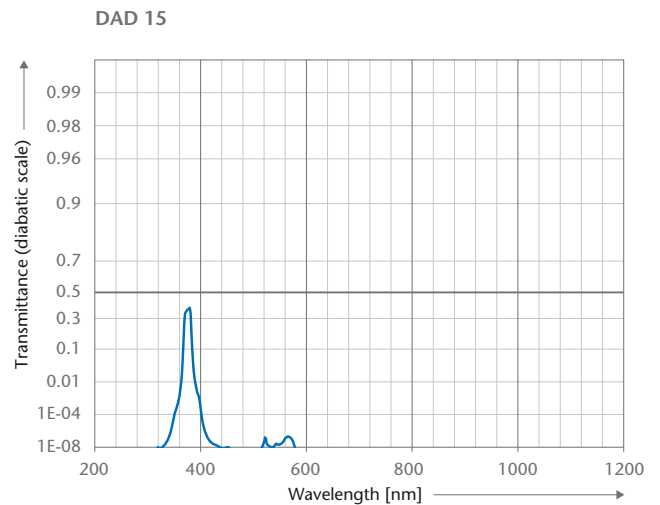
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 0.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	334–399 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	6–10
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.30$
Q	approx. 1.5
q	approx. 3.5
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited ( $\lambda_m$ from 334 nm to 360 nm) up to 1200 ( $\lambda_m$ from 361 nm to 399 nm)
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1: 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.01
Notes	Unlimited blocking range on request, which can, however, change the filter specification
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 7$
Other dimensions upon request	



# UV bandpass filter DAD 15

Spectral range 334–399 nm

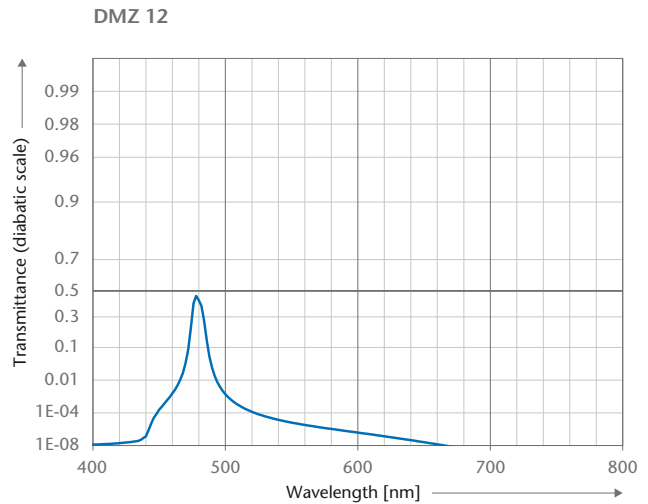
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	334–399 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	12–18
$\tau_{max}$	$\geq 0.30$
Q	approx. 1.5
q	approx. 3.5
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited ( $\lambda_m$ from 334 nm to 360 nm) up to 1200 ( $\lambda_m$ from 361 nm to 399 nm)
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.01
Notes	Unlimited blocking range on request, which can, however, change the filter specification
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 7$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS bandpass filter DMZ 12

Spectral range 400–599 nm

$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–599 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	9–14
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.35$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 449 nm) $\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 450 nm to 599 nm)
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 6$
Other dimensions upon request	

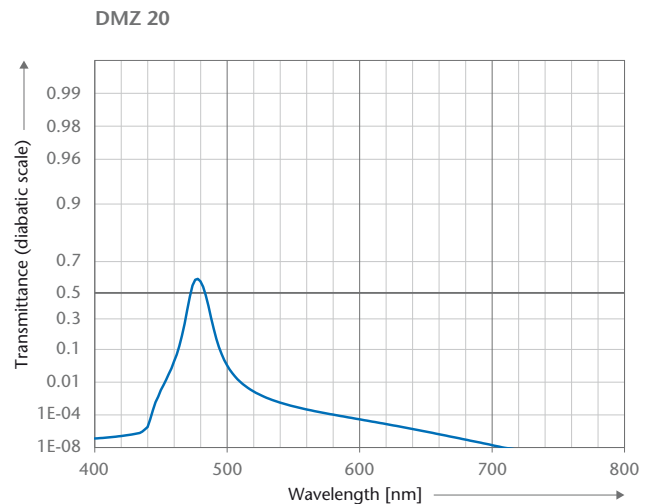




# VIS bandpass filter DMZ 20

Spectral range 400–599 nm

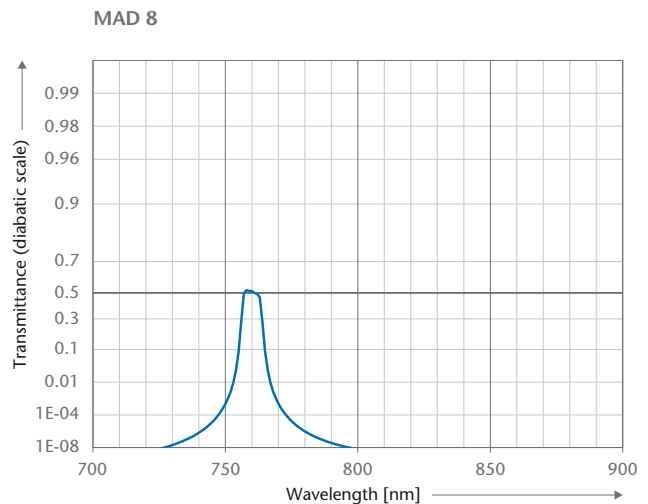
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–599 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	18–22
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.45$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 449 nm) $\geq 0.50$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 450 nm to 599 nm)
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 6$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS bandpass filter MAD 8

Spectral range 400–1100 nm

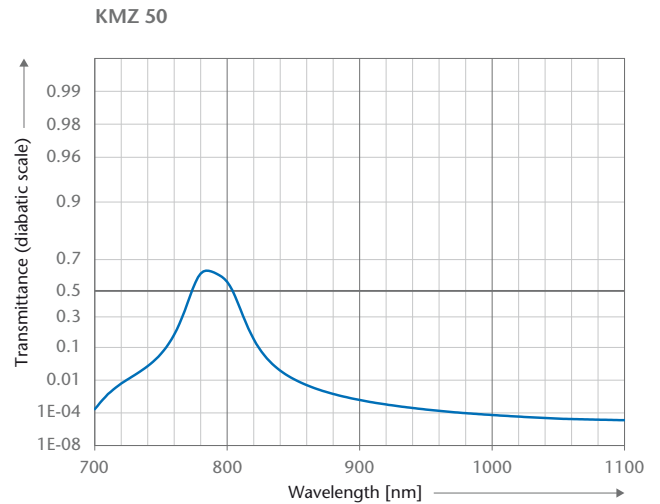
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–1100 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	6–12
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.30$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 429 nm) $\geq 0.45$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 430 nm to 800 nm)
Q	approx. 1.5
q	approx. 3.0
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 7$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS bandpass filter KMZ 50

Spectral range 400–1400 nm

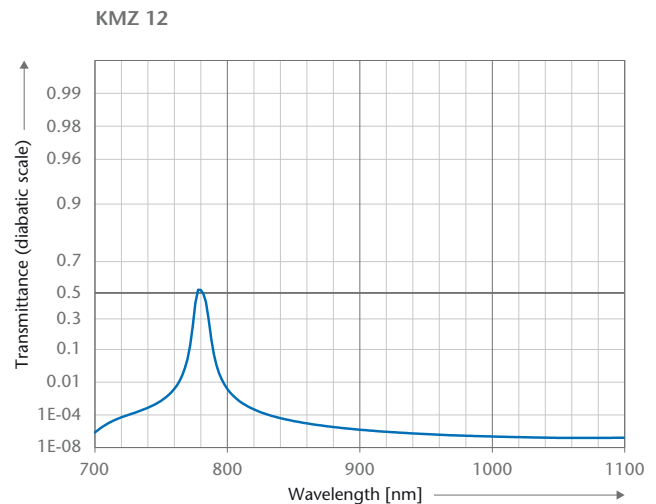
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–1400 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	30–60
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.45$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 449 nm) $\geq 0.55$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 450 nm to 800 nm)
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 4$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS bandpass filter KMZ 12

Spectral range 600–800 nm

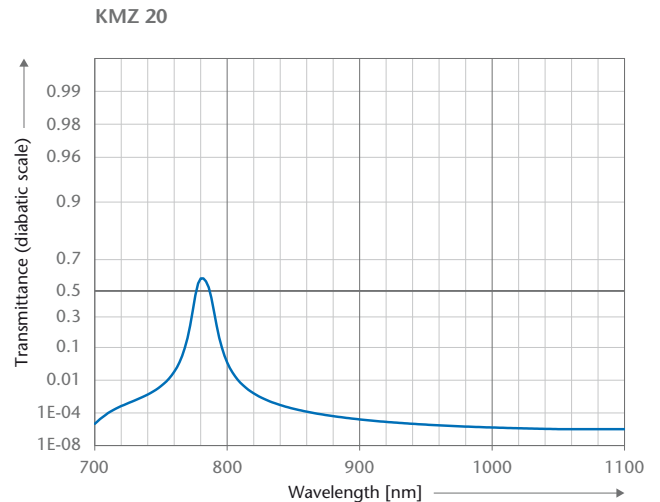
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	600–800 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	9–16
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.40$
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	up to $2 \cdot \lambda_m$
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Unlimited blocking range on re- quest, which can, however, change the filter specification Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 4$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS bandpass filter KMZ 20

Spectral range 600–800 nm

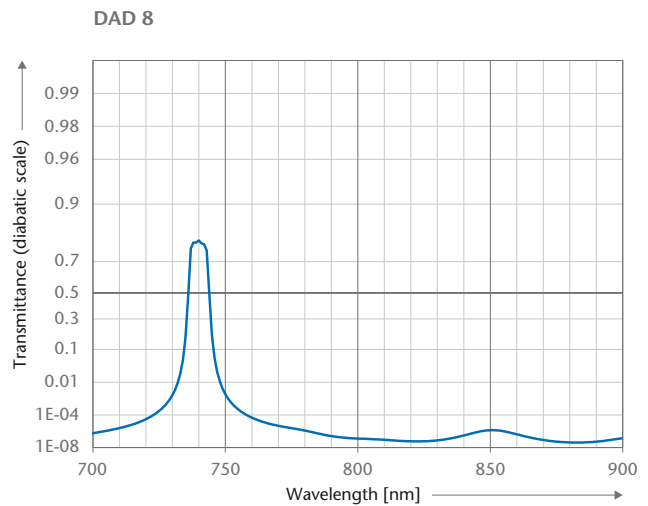
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	600–800 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	18–24
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.50$
Q	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	up to $2 \cdot \lambda_m$
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	Unlimited blocking range on re- quest, which can, however, change the filter specification Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 4$
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS and near IR bandpass filter DAD 8

Spectral range 400–1100 nm

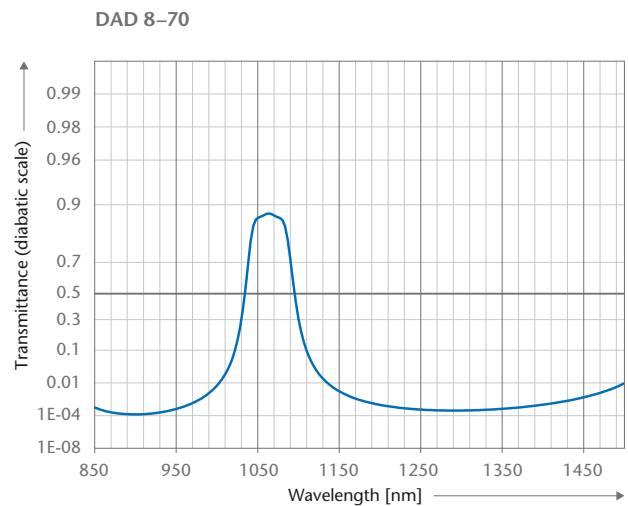
$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 1.0
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–1100 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	6–10 ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 699 nm) 8–12 ( $\lambda_m$ from 700 nm to 1100 nm)
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 400 nm to 429 nm) $\geq 0.60$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 430 nm to 479 nm) $\geq 0.65$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 480 nm to 749 nm) $\geq 0.70$ ( $\lambda_m$ from 750 nm to 1100 nm)
Q	approx. 1.5
q	approx. 3.5
Blocking range [nm]	up to 1200
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.02
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 22$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 47$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 47$
Thickness	$\leq 7$
Other dimensions upon request	



# UV, VIS, and near IR bandpass filter DAD 8–70

Spectral range 300–1450 nm

Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	300–1450 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	8–70
$\tau_{\max}$	For individual requirements concerning spectral values of $\lambda_m$ , FWHM, transmittance within passband and blocking region, please contact us!
Q	
q	
Blocking range [nm]	
$\tau_{SM}$	
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature (hard coating on single substrate)	up to approx. 350 °C
Operating temperature (if cemented multiple substrates)	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m$ : $\Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	Can be optimized by a suitable choice of substrate and coating material combination to $\leq 0.005$
Notes	Please indicate operating temperatures > 100 °C for an appropriate substrate selection
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	Ø 12 +/- 0.3
Usable area	Ø 12 +/- 0.3
External dimensions	Ø 25 +/- 0.3
Usable area	Ø 25 +/- 0.3
External dimensions	Ø 50 +/- 0.3
Usable area	Ø 50 +/- 0.3
External dimensions	□ 50 +/- 0.3
Usable area	□ 50 +/- 0.3
Thickness	1 +/- 0.2
Other dimensions upon request	



# Linear variable (bandpass) filter VERIL

Spectral range 400–1000 nm

The spectral position of the center wavelength  $\lambda_m$  of the narrow passband of VERIL linear variable interference filters **changes constantly over the length of the filter**. These filters possess the same curve characteristics as the corresponding homogeneous filters. Additional blocking is achieved in some cases by graduated colored glasses (graduated optical filter glass).

When linear variable filters with a pre-fitted slit are used, increasing the slit width widens the passband curve and

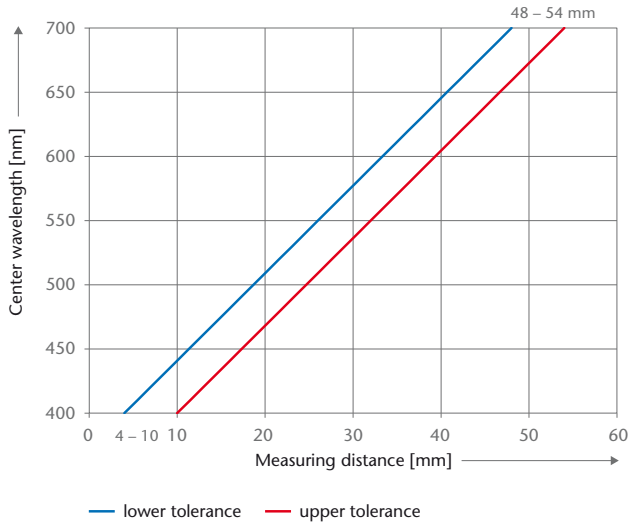
reduces the maximum transmittance  $\lambda_{max}$ . Slit widths up to 1 mm in the case of VERIL S 60 filters and up to 3 mm in the case of VERIL S 200 and BL 200 have practically no effect on spectral performance.

The special method of manufacturing these filters gives rise to slight deviations in dispersion from filter to filter and to deviations in linearity. A calibration curve and a calibration table are included with each linear variable filter ordered.

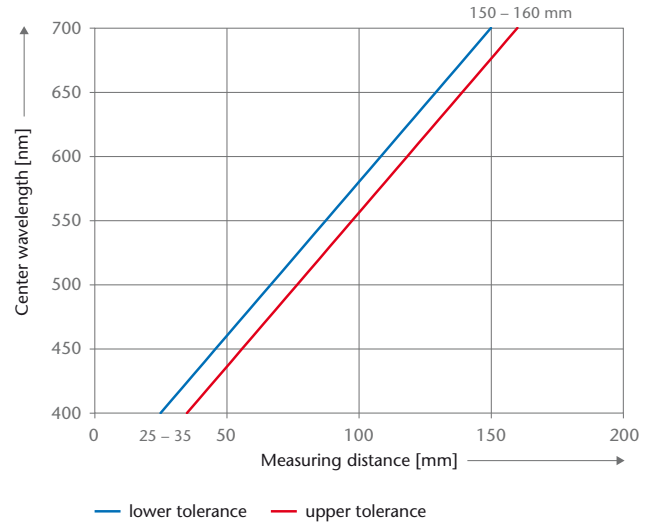
Type	VERIL S 60	VERIL S 200	VERIL BL 200
Design analog	KMZ12	KMZ12	KMZ40
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–700 nm	400–700 nm	400–1000 nm
Spectrum length [nm]	38–50	115–135	135–165
Reciprocal linear dispersion [nm/mm]	6.0–7.9	2.2–2.6	3.6–4.4
<b>Spectral values</b>			
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	10–16 ( $\lambda_m = 450$ nm) 10–15 ( $\lambda_m = 550$ nm) 10–18 ( $\lambda_m = 650$ nm)	10–16 ( $\lambda_m = 450$ nm) 10–15 ( $\lambda_m = 550$ nm) 10–18 ( $\lambda_m = 650$ nm)	25–45 ( $\lambda_m = 500$ nm) 35–50 ( $\lambda_m = 700$ nm) 40–65 ( $\lambda_m = 900$ nm)
$\tau_{max}$	$\geq 0.35$ ( $\lambda_m = 450$ nm) $\geq 0.45$ ( $\lambda_m = 550$ nm) $\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m = 650$ nm)	$\geq 0.35$ ( $\lambda_m = 450$ nm) $\geq 0.45$ ( $\lambda_m = 550$ nm) $\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m = 650$ nm)	$\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m = 500$ nm) $\geq 0.40$ ( $\lambda_m = 700$ nm) $\geq 0.30$ ( $\lambda_m = 900$ nm)
Q	approx. 1.8	approx. 1.8	approx. 1.8
q	approx. 6	approx. 6	approx. 6
Blocking range [nm]	up to $2 \cdot \lambda_m$	up to $2 \cdot \lambda_m$	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$
<b>Other properties</b>			
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Notes	Unlimited blocking range on request, which can, however, change the filter specification Face filters with mirror side towards light source	Unlimited blocking range on request, which can, however, change the filter specification Face filters with mirror side towards light source	Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>			
Length	60 + 0/– 0.3	200 + 0/– 0.3	200 + 0/– 0.3
Width	25 + 0/– 0.3	25 + 0/– 0.3	25 + 0/– 0.3
Thickness	$\leq 5$	$\leq 6$	$\leq 6$



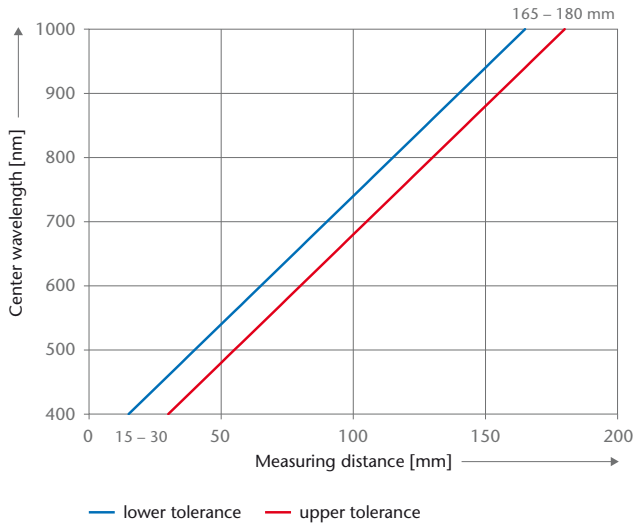
VERIL S60 Tolerance channel



VERIL S200 Tolerance channel



VERIL BL200 Tolerance channel

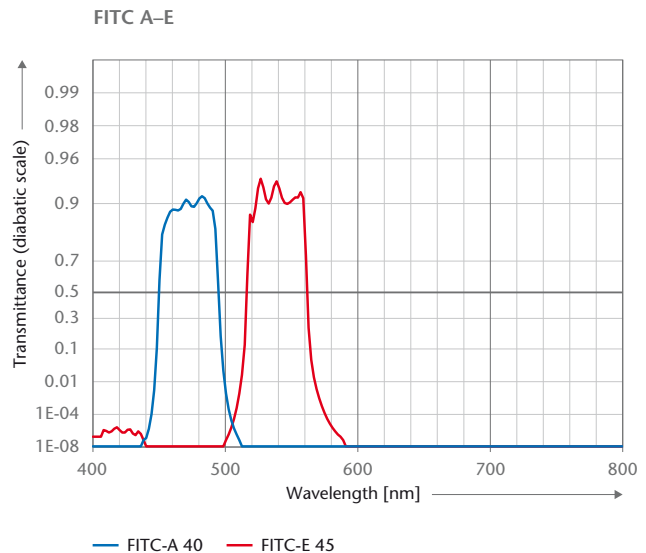


## Fluorescence (bandpass) filters FITC A-40 and FITC E-45

These two filters are our standard filters for fluorescence microscopy or fluorescence spectroscopy. **Steeper filters are offered on customers' request.** If you need a steep filter please contact us.

Fluorochrome FITC (fluorescein-isothiocyanate) is used in fluorescence microscopy and spectroscopy for investigating immune reactions. These filters separate the absorbed light from the light source (FITC A-40) and the emitted light from the sample under investigation (FITC E-45).

Type	FITC A-40	FITC E-45
<b>Spectral values</b>		
Edge wavelengths $\lambda_c$ ( $\tau = 0.5$ ) [nm]	450 $\pm$ 5 492 $\pm$ 5	515 $\pm$ 5 560 $\pm$ 5
$\tau_D$	0.75 (from 460 nm to 480 nm)	0.80 (from 530 nm to 550 nm)
$\tau_S$	10 <sup>-4</sup> (below 430 nm) 10 <sup>-4</sup> (515 nm to 740 nm) 10 <sup>-4</sup> (740 nm to 850 nm)	10 <sup>-5</sup> (below 500 nm) 10 <sup>-4</sup> (600 nm to 700 nm)
<b>Other properties</b>		
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7	
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6	
Operating temperature	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods	up to 70 °C for several hours up to 100 °C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m$ : $\Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. $\leq$ 0.005	approx. +0.02
Notes		
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>		
External dimensions	$\varnothing$ 18 + 0/- 0.3	$\varnothing$ 18 + 0/- 0.3
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq$ 16.5	$\varnothing \geq$ 16.5
External dimensions	$\varnothing$ 25 + 0/- 0.3	$\varnothing$ 25 + 0/- 0.3
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq$ 23.5	$\varnothing \geq$ 23.5
Thickness	$\leq$ 3.5	$\leq$ 3.5
Other dimensions upon request		



# “i-line” bandpass filter

Spectral range 365–400 nm

Accompanying optical glasses with high UV-transmittance at 365 nm (i-line wavelength) and high refractive index homogeneity, SCHOTT offers narrow bandpass filters for applications in i-line wafer steppers.

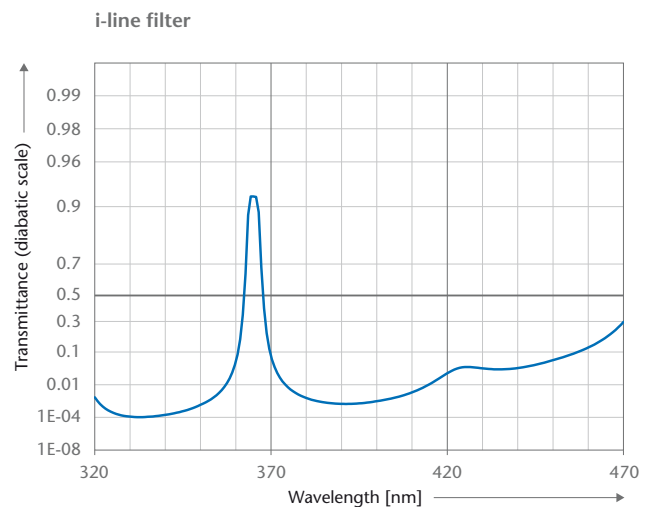
With the help of coating material development and high purity raw materials, SCHOTT is able to provide high transmission filters with extraordinary radiation resistance.

The requirements which are addressed to i-line interference filters are translated into a customized design. The filter is coated with various layers and this tailored multilayer system

is characterized with an outstanding transmission at 365 nm combined with a narrow spectral bandwidth and very good homogeneity of the spectral behavior throughout the usable filter area.

Accompanied with long product life the obtained components are filters from SCHOTT, which are the materials of choice for various applications in the UV spectral region.

$\lambda_m$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_m$ ]	+/- 0.5
Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	365–400 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	5–12
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.85$
Blocking range [nm]	unlimited
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	Filters delivered in mounts only Face filters with mirror side towards light source
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.15$
Usable area	$\varnothing \geq 9$
Thickness	4.75 +/- 0.1
Other dimensions upon request	

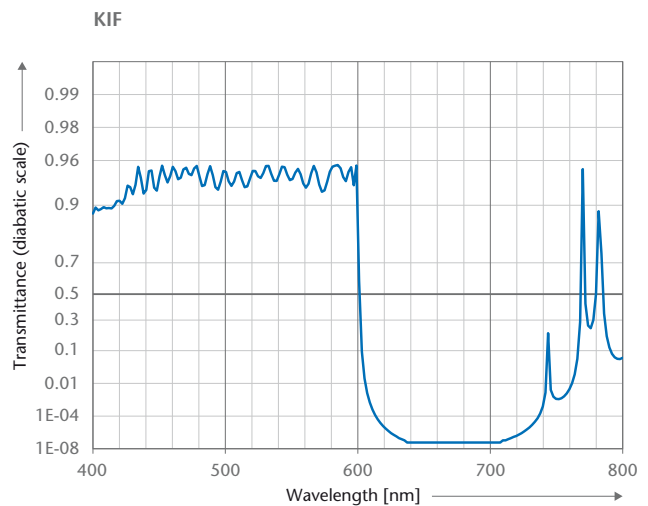


# Shortpass filter KIF

Spectral range 300–1200 nm

These edge filters pass only the short wavelength and are made according to customers' specification for edge wavelengths between about 300 nm and 1200 nm.

Edge wavelength $\lambda_c$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_c$ ]	+/- 1.0–2.0
Available with edge wavelength $\lambda_c$ ( $\tau = 0.5$ ) in range	300–1200 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Slope $S_0$ [%]	For individual requirements concerning spectral transmittance within passband and blocking region, please contact us!
$\tau_{\max}$	
$\tau_{\text{DM}}$	
$\tau_{\text{SM}}$	
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to approx. 350°C
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m$ : $\Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	Can be optimized by a suitable choice of substrate and coating material combination to $\leq 0.005$
Notes	Please indicate operating temperatures > 100°C for an appropriate substrate selection
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Thickness	1 +/- 0.2
Other dimensions upon request	

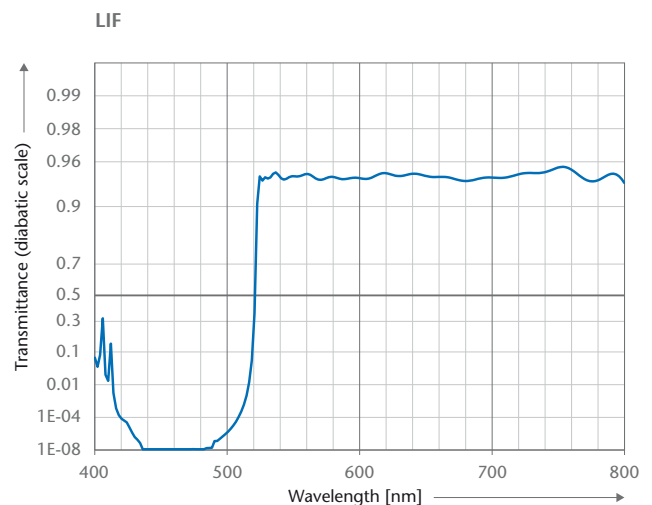


# Longpass filter LIF

## Spectral range 300–1200 nm

These edge filters pass only the long wavelength and are made according to customers' specification for edge wavelengths between about 300 nm and 1200 nm.

Edge wavelength $\lambda_c$ -tolerance [% of $\lambda_c$ ]	+/- 1.0–2.0
Available with edge wavelength $\lambda_c$ ( $\tau = 0.5$ ) in range	300–1200 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Slope $S_{\%}$ [%]	For individual requirements concerning spectral transmittance within passband and blocking region, please contact us!
$\tau_{\max}$	
$\tau_{\text{DM}}$	
$\tau_{\text{SM}}$	
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to approx. 350°C
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m$ : $\Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	Can be optimized by a suitable choice of substrate and coating material combination to $\leq 0.005$
Notes	Please indicate operating temperatures > 100°C for an appropriate substrate selection
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 12 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 25 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\varnothing 50 \pm 0.3$
External dimensions	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Usable area	$\square 50 \pm 0.3$
Thickness	1 +/- 0.2
Other dimensions upon request	

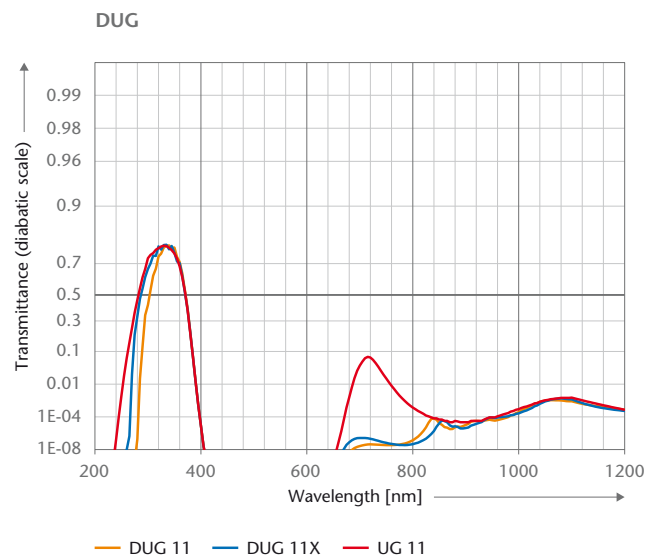


# UV bandpass filters DUG 11 and DUG 11X (combination with filter glass)

The UV-broadband filter types DUG 11 & DUG 11 X are made of SCHOTT UV-transmitting optical filter glass of the type UG 11, whereby its typical secondary passband at about 720 nm has been blocked by an additional coating on both sides. These coating layers also work as a **protective coating** against external influences. The types DUG 11 and

DUG 11 X, in contrast to pure UG 11 filter glass, are much **more stable** with regard to **intensive shortwave UV-radiation** (solarization resistance), as the layer systems absorb or reflect this radiation to a greater extent and hence prevent it from penetrating into the filter glass.

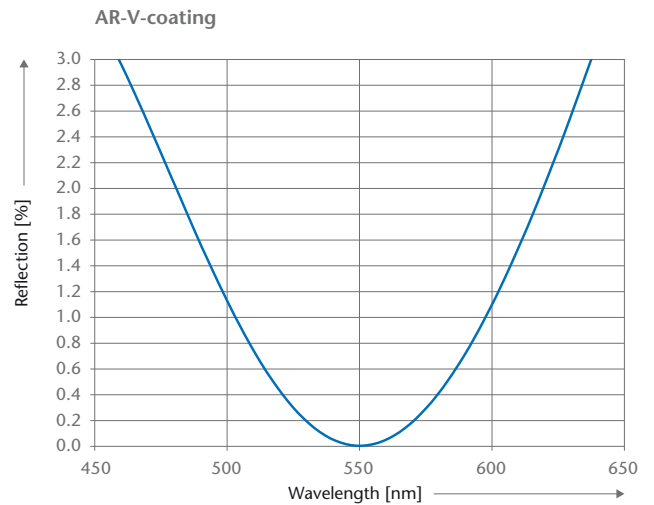
Type	DUG 11	DUG 11 X
Center wavelength $\lambda_m$ [nm]	approx. 340	approx. 320
<b>Spectral values</b>		
HW (= FWHM) [nm]	approx. 70	approx. 100
$\tau_{\max}$	$\geq 0.70$	$\geq 0.70$
Q	approx. 1.3	approx. 1.3
q	approx. 1.6	approx. 1.6
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$ (below 260 nm) $\leq 10^{-8}$ (420nm to 649nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ (650 nm to 799 nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (800 nm to 999 nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (1000 nm to 1200 nm)	$\leq 10^{-5}$ (below 260 nm) $\leq 10^{-8}$ (420nm to 649nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$ (650 nm to 799 nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (800 nm to 999 nm) $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (1000 nm to 1200 nm)
<b>Other properties</b>		
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1: 10 cycles	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1: 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.8
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to approx. 220°C	up to approx. 220°C
Notes	Please indicate operating temperatures > 100°C for appropriate measures for minimizing breakage risk	Please indicate operating temperatures > 100°C for appropriate measures for minimizing breakage risk
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>		
External dimensions	$\square 50 + 0/-0.3$	$\square 50 + 0/-0.3$
Usable area	$\square \geq 46$	$\square \geq 46$
Thickness	2.0 +/- 0.2	2.0 +/- 0.2
Other dimensions on request		
Thickness changes lead to transmittance changes		



# AR coating AR-V-coating

Spectral range 200–25000 nm

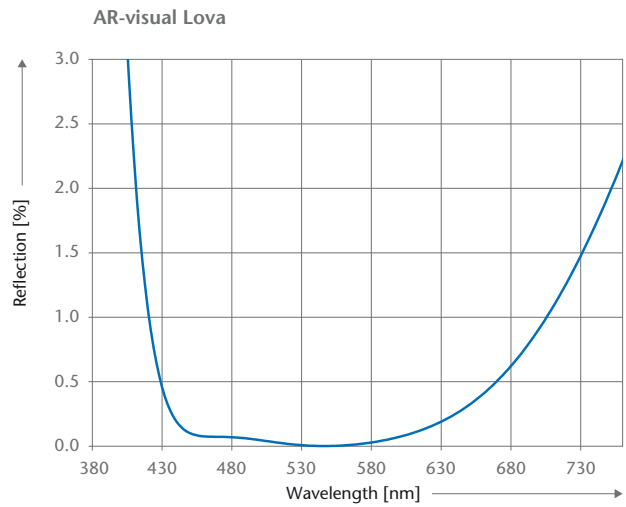
Center wavelength-tolerance [%]	+/- 0.5
Available with center wavelength in range	200–25000 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance $\rho$ at center wavelength	< 0.2%
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to 250°C for several hours
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to 590 x 730 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# AR coating AR-VIS Lova

Spectral range 350–1000 nm

Coating materials	metaloxide + MgF <sub>2</sub>
Available performance shifted in range	350–1000 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance ρ	440–650 nm < 0.5% average
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1:10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-675 C, para. 4.5.10
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to 250°C for several hours
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to Ø 200 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	

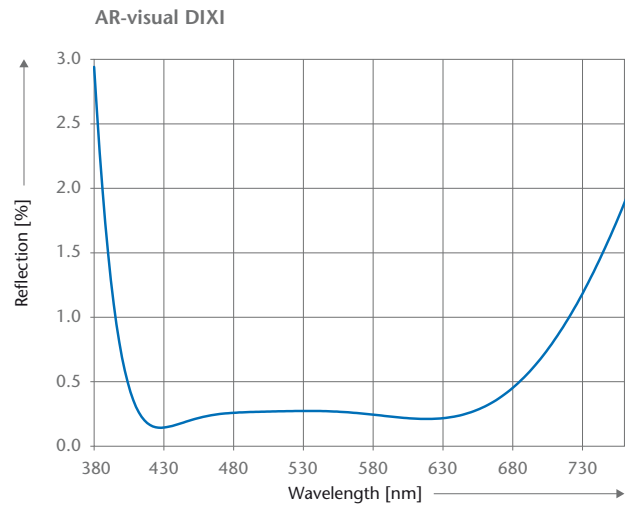




# AR coating AR-VIS DIXI

Spectral range 350–1000 nm

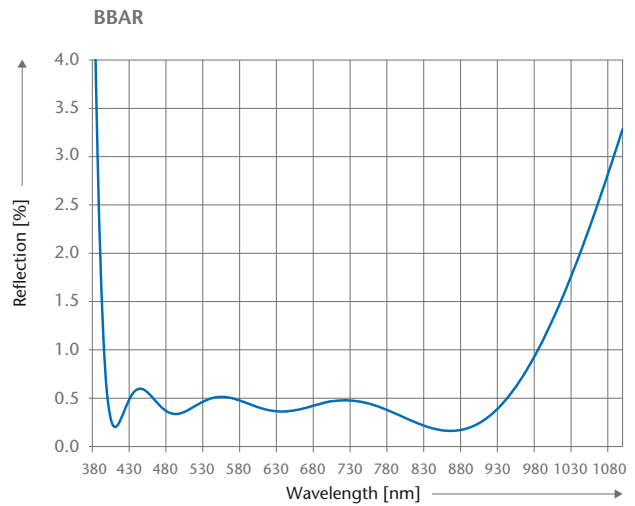
Coating materials	hard metal oxide
Available performance shifted in range	350–1000 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance $\rho$	420–680 nm < 0.8% average
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to 250°C for several hours
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# AR coating Broadband AR-coating

Spectral range 350–1000 nm

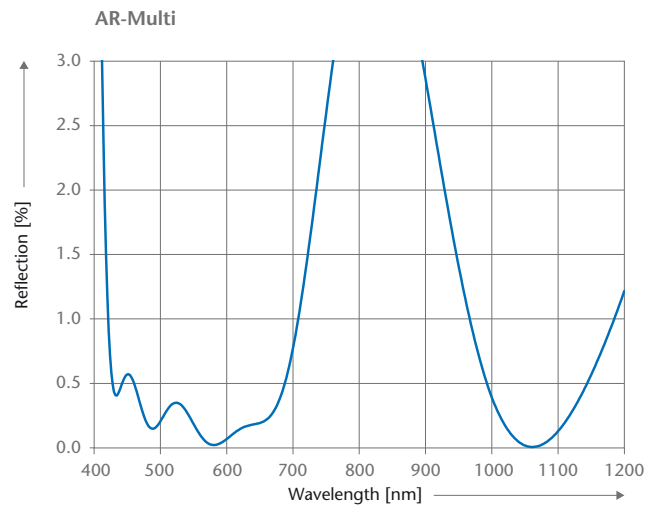
Coating materials	metaloxide + MgF <sub>2</sub>
Available performance shifted in range	350–1000 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance ρ	400–450 nm < 3 % 450–1000 nm < 1.3 % 1000–1100 nm < 3.5 %
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1:10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-675 C, para. 4.5.10
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to 250 °C
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to Ø 200 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# AR coating Multiband AR-coating

Spectral range 350–1600 nm

Coating materials	metaloxide + MgF <sub>2</sub>
Available performance shifted in range	350–1600 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance ρ	450–650 nm < 1 % average 1064 nm < 1 %
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-675 C, para. 4.5.10
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Operating temperature	up to 250 °C
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to Ø 200 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# VIS scratch-resistant (hard) AR coating

Spectral range 450–700 nm

SCHOTT offers a variety of customized glass products with a special hard coating in reliable and reproducible quality. Using magnetron sputtering and our own proprietary process for hard AR coatings results in both scratch resistance and AR characteristics (also for different angle of incidence possible).

### Dimensions

- Up to 590 x 730 mm and thickness < 40 mm

### Proof of scratch resistance

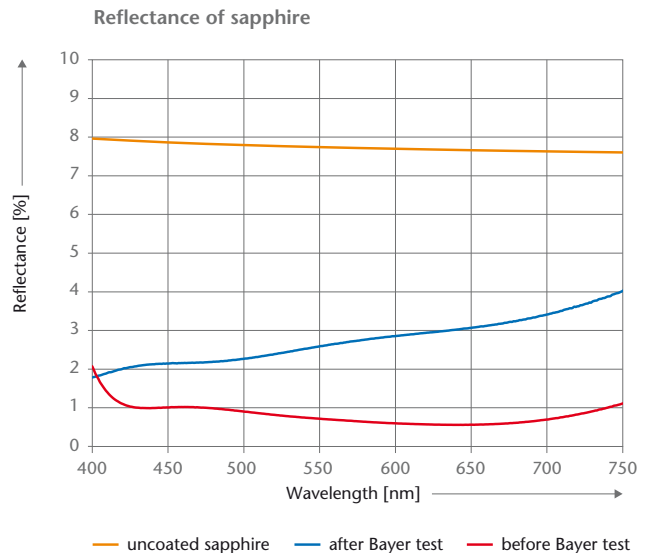
Scratch resistance is often measured after performing the so-called Bayer test (often as variation of the original test in ASTM F735) where the hard AR-coated substrate is covered

by sand and oscillates many thousand of times with several hundred rounds per minute. The optical performance (e.g. reflection) is measured before and after the Bayer abrasion test.

The graph below shows the result of a sapphire sample substrate (with about 8 % reflection if uncoated) with the following specifications:

- Hard coated AR for 450 nm to 700 nm
- Reflection < 1.5 % @ 450 nm ... 700 nm before abrasion test
- Reflection < 5 % @ 450 nm ... 700 nm after abrasion test

Example specification	
Available wavelength range [nm]	450–700
Substrate	sapphire
Reflectance uncoated substrate	approx. 8 %
Reflectance before abrasion test (450 nm – 700 nm)	< 1.5 %
Reflectance after abrasion test (450 nm – 700 nm)	< 5 %
Other properties	
Scratch resistance	according Bayer test (as variation of the original test in ASTM F735)
Notes	other substrates on request
Preferred dimensions [mm]	
External dimensions	up to 590 x 730 mm
Usable area	
Thickness	< 40
Other dimensions upon request	

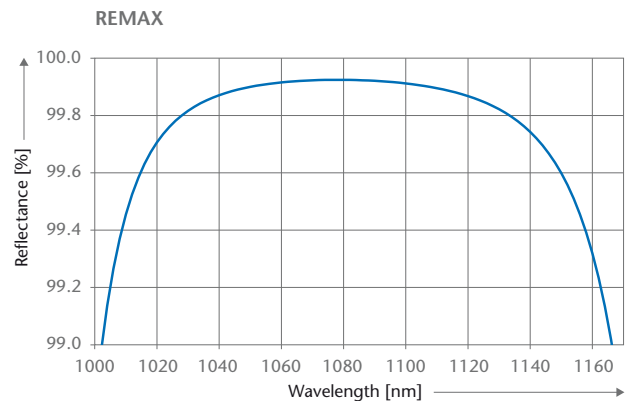
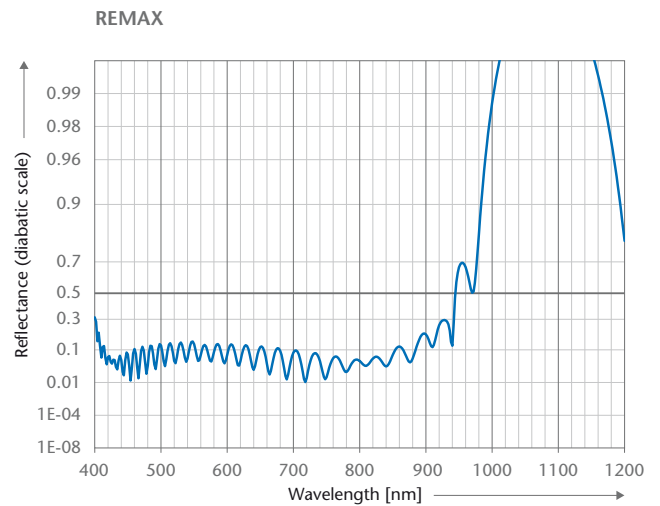


# Dielectric (laser) mirror REMAX

Spectral range 300–2500 nm

Mirrors of this type consist of dielectric layers with low absorption and are therefore suited for laser applications.

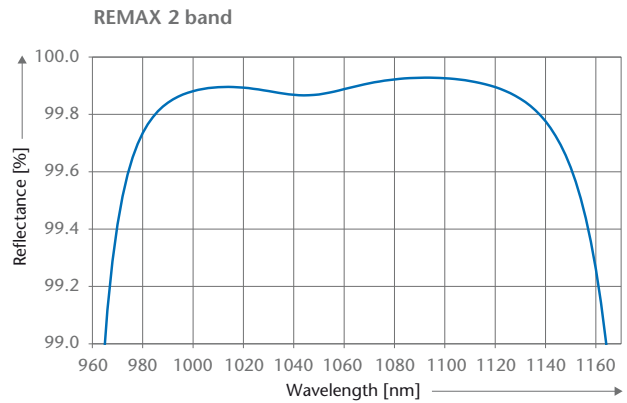
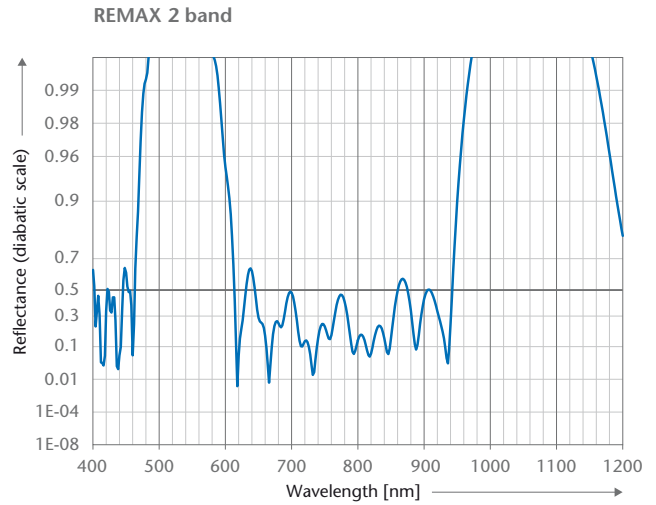
Spectral range	300–2500 nm
Type	REMAX
Reflectance p	1064 nm < 99.8% higher reflectivities on request
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 200°C
Notes	typical application cw-laser power > 50 kW
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to Ø 200 mm
Usable area	
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# Dielectric (laser) mirror REMAX 2 band

Spectral range 300–2500 nm

Reflectance $\rho$	1064 nm < 99.8% higher reflectivities on request
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 5 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 200°C
Notes	typical application cw-laser power > 50 kW
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to $\varnothing$ 200 mm
Usable area	
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	

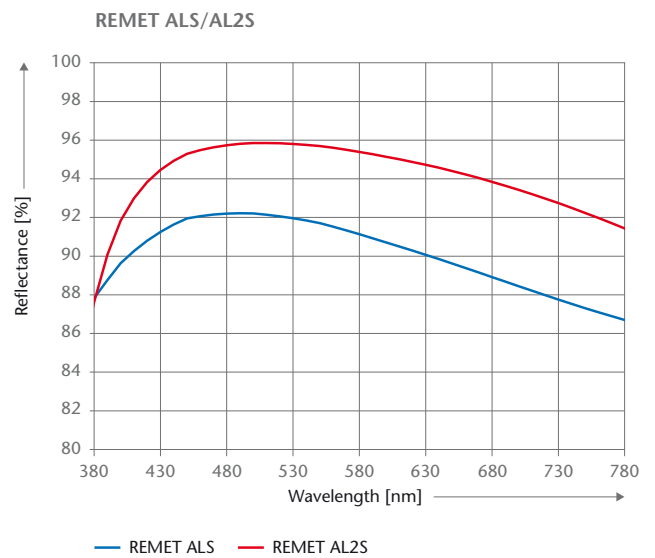


# Metallic mirrors REMET ALS

Spectral range 400–800 nm

Mirrors of this type consist of a metallic layer and if needed with a SiO<sub>2</sub> protective layer.

Angle of incidence	0–45°
Available in wavelength range	400–800 nm
<b>Available article variants</b>	
Protected Aluminum mirror:	REMET ALS
Dielectric enhanced Aluminum mirror	REMET AL2S
Reflectance	
REMET ALS: reflectance ρ	400–700 nm > 85% average
REMET AL2S: reflectance ρ	400–700 nm > 90% average
<b>Other properties</b>	
Adhesion	DIN 58196 – K1
Rubbing test	DIN 58196 – H2S
Operating temperature	up to 70°C for several hours up to 100°C for short periods
Notes	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to Ø 300 mm
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



# Transparent conducting oxide coating (TCO)

Spectral range 400–5000 nm

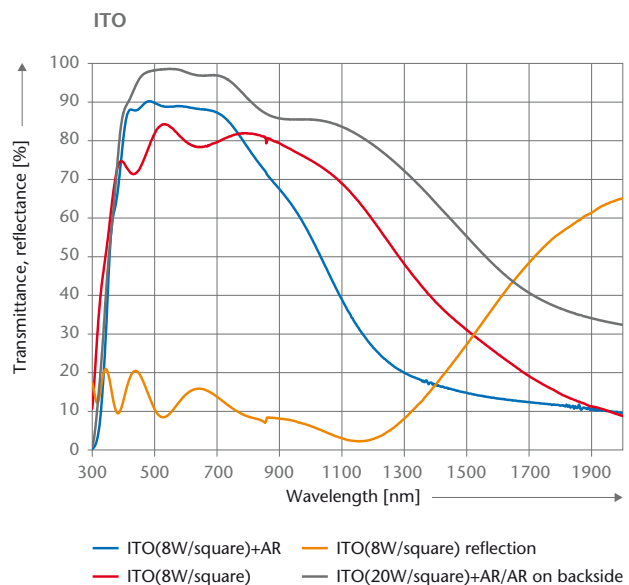
A transparent conducting coating (TCO) ensures both electrical conductivity and optical transparency. SCHOTT uses ITO (indium-tin-oxide) for this purpose.

Transparent conductive oxides (TCO) combine transparency in the visible spectrum, infrared reflectivity and electrical conductivity. Indium Tin Oxide (In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> :Sn) is the most common.	
<b>Available article variants</b>	
	ITO single layer ITO with AR coating ITO with AR coating and flexible connectors structured ITO for touch screens
Optical sheet resistance can be adapted:	7–5000 Ω/square
Typical sheet resistances/ tolerances	10+/-4 Ω/square 100+/-10 Ω/square 300+/-30 Ω/square
Reflectance ρ	
Reflection if AR-coating is applied on top of ITO:	450–650 nm <1 % average other ranges on request
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 200°C for several hours
Notes	Flexible connectors can be applied by conductive epoxy
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	up to 590 x 730 mm (sputtering) up to 150 x 150 mm (EB)
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions on request	
Sheet resistance (Rs) is specified for transparent conductive thin films. The spectral transmission/reflection and electrical conductivity depend on TCO-material and coating thickness.	
$R_s = \frac{\text{Resistivity}}{\text{filmthickness}} \text{ [}\Omega/\text{square]}$ no units of area!	
Resistivity ρ is a property of bulk material – sheet resistance is a property of thin films for example: ρ = 3 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> Ω cm, film thickness 300 nm, then Rs = 10 Ω/square	

If a voltage is applied to electrodes on opposite edges of the film, the resistance  $R_e$  is given by the length  $L$  and the distance  $D$  of the electrodes and the sheet resistance:

example:  $R_s = 10 \Omega/\text{sq}$  and  $L = 5 \times D$       example:  $R_s = 10 \Omega/\text{sq}$  and  $L = D/5$

$$R_e = 10 \Omega/\text{sq} \times \frac{D}{L} = 2 \Omega$$

$$R_e = 10 \Omega/\text{sq} \times \frac{D}{L} = 50 \Omega$$


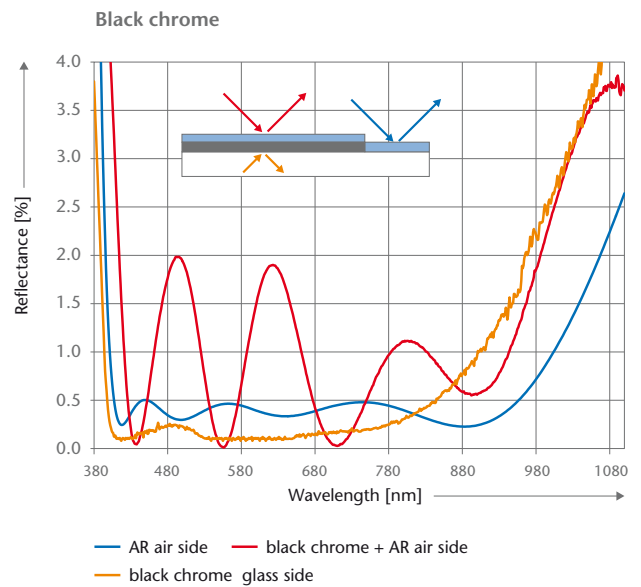


# Black chrome coating for light absorption

Spectral range 400–1000 nm

This coating absorbs light and can be used for masking.

Available with $\lambda_m$ in range	400–1000 nm
Substrate materials	Glass, fused silica
<b>Spectral values</b>	
Reflectance $\rho$ (incidence from air side)	420–1000 nm < 3% average
Optical density	> 3.5
<b>Other properties</b>	
Operating temperature	up to 300°C for several hours
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Coating abrasion resistance	MIL-C-14806 A, para. 3.7
Coating adhesion	MIL-M-13508 C, para 4.4.6
Notes	
External dimensions	up to 150 x 150 mm (EB)
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions on request	

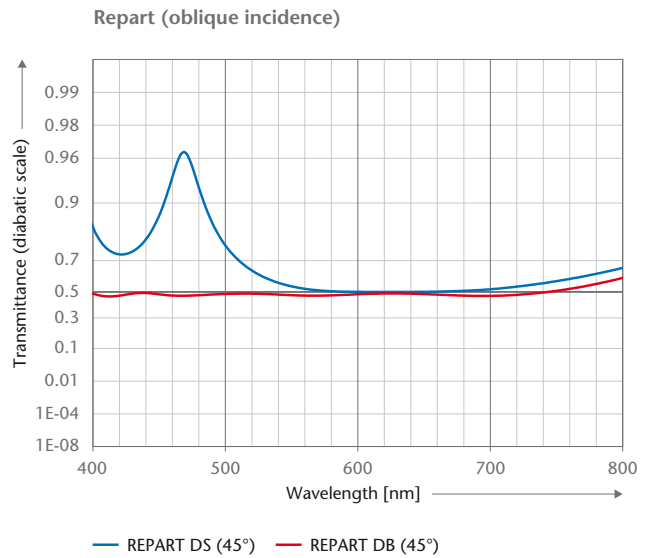


# Dielectric beam splitter coating REPART

Spectral range 400–1000 nm

Splitting light (power) with different splitting ratio and optimized for a single wavelength or a broad wavelength band can be offered.

Available article variants	
REPART DB	R (450–650) = 50% ± 6% (a.o.i. 45°)
REPART DS	T(650) = 50% ± 5% (a.o.i. 45°)
Other properties	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 250°C for several hours
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	
Preferred dimensions [mm]	
External dimensions	up to 150 x 150 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	

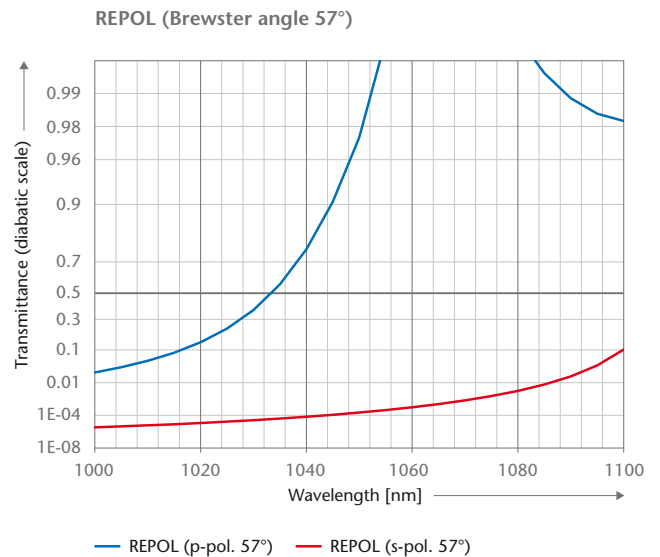


# Polarization beam splitter coating

Spectral range 300–2500 nm

Here the s-polarization (TE polarization) and the p-polarization (TM polarization) are separated from each other at a specific wavelength. The polarization beam splitter plate must be aligned under an angle of 45°.

Type	REPOL
<b>Available article variants</b>	
REPOL (e.g. 1064 nm)	$T_p(1064 \text{ nm}) > 97\%$
	$T_s(1064) < 1\%$
	a.o.i. = $57^\circ \pm 2^\circ$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Operating temperature	up to 250 °C for several hours
Temperature dependency of $\lambda_m : \Delta\lambda_m/\Delta T$ [nm/K]	approx. +0.007
Notes	
Polarizing beamsplitters are available in a broad range of wavelengths and can be adapted to different angles of oblique incidence.	
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	ca. 60 x 60 mm
Usable area	upon request
Thickness	upon request
Other dimensions upon request	



## Notch (up to triple notch) filter

Spectral range 400–2000 nm

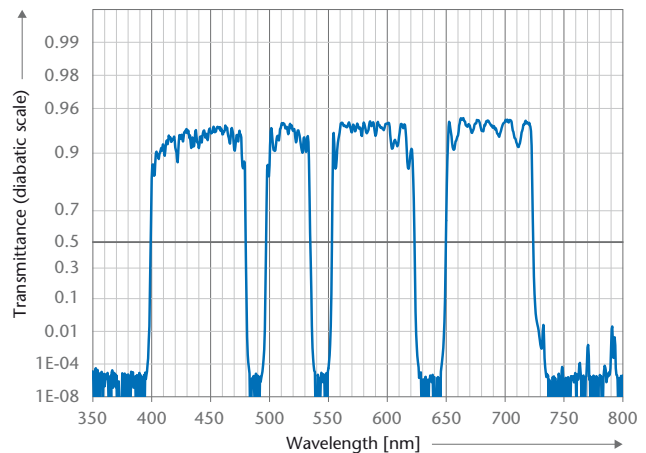
Notch filters provide versatile solutions concerning half widths, center wavelengths and blocking properties typically needed in Raman spectroscopy, fluorescence excitation and emission in bio-photonic, medical analytical, chemical, forensic, and pharmaceutical applications.

SCHOTT offers steep notch wavelengths and high blocking at selectable wavelengths. Highly selective notch wavelengths can be adapted to the customer's specifications. Designs can range from single notch to triple notch.

This type of filter is made according to customers' specification. An example specification for a triple notch filter is as follows:

Notch wavelength $\lambda_s$	400–2000 nm
<b>Spectral values</b>	
$\tau_{ave}$	$\geq 0.90$
$\tau_{SM}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
<b>Other properties</b>	
Humidity resistance	MIL-Std-810C, method 507, proc. 1 : 10 cycles
Operating temperature	up to approx. 350°C
Notes	All specs per customers' request
<b>Preferred dimensions [mm]</b>	
External dimensions	$\varnothing < 25$
Usable area	$\varnothing < 24$
Thickness	$\leq 5$
Other dimensions upon request	

Example of a triple notch filter (no backside AR)



## 9. Optical filters for color and brightness measurements: SFK 100A, SFK 101B, SFK 102A

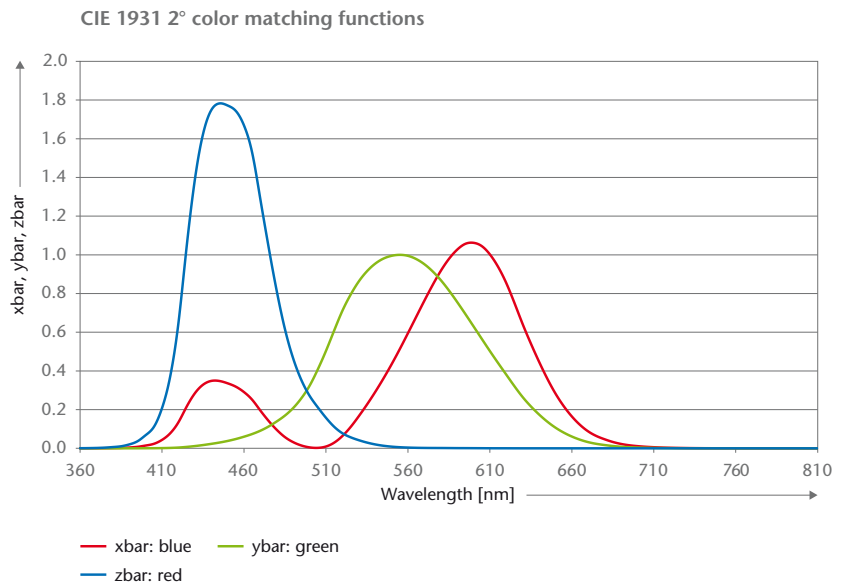
### Color measurements using the tristimulus method

The measurement of color using the tristimulus method is described by German Industrial Standard DIN 5033, part 6. Color stimulus by measuring the three tristimulus values may be achieved by means of a photometer if the radiation detector's sensitivity is adjusted to definite spectral valuation functions with the aid of appropriate optical filters. If the measurement results are expected to directly provide the tristimulus values within the CIE 1931 standard colorimetric system, the precision filters' spectral transmission factors  $\tau_x(\lambda)$ ,  $\tau_y(\lambda)$  and  $\tau_z(\lambda)$  have to meet the requirements given by:

$$\tau_x(\lambda) = \frac{c_x \cdot \bar{x}(\lambda)}{S_1(\lambda)}, \quad \tau_y(\lambda) = \frac{c_y \cdot \bar{y}(\lambda)}{S_2(\lambda)}, \quad \tau_z(\lambda) = \frac{c_z \cdot \bar{z}(\lambda)}{S_3(\lambda)}$$

where  $\bar{x}(\lambda)$ ,  $\bar{y}(\lambda)$ , and  $\bar{z}(\lambda)$  are the color-matching functions for the CIE 1931 standard colorimetric observer (see Fig. 1), and where  $S_1(\lambda)$ ,  $S_2(\lambda)$ , and  $S_3(\lambda)$  are the spectral sensitivities of the detectors receiving the non-filtered radiation, and where  $c_x$ ,  $c_y$ , and  $c_z$  are wavelength-independent instrument constants that can be determined empirically.

**Fig. 1**  
Color matching functions  $\bar{x}(\lambda)$ ,  $\bar{y}(\lambda)$ , and  $\bar{z}(\lambda)$  for the CIE 2° standard colorimetric observer. The curve  $\bar{y}(\lambda)$  is identical to the spectral luminous efficiency function  $V(\lambda)$  for photopic vision.



### Measurement of brightness

Within the CIE 1931 standard colorimetric system, the color-matching function  $\bar{y}(\lambda)$  is identical to the spectral luminous efficiency function  $V(\lambda)$ . Thus, if a precision filter with a spectral transmission factor  $\tau_y(\lambda)$  is used, brightness measurements may also be carried out alone (determination of the tri stimulus value Y).

## Filter design

SCHOTT's range of products includes optical filter glass combinations which, given the below simplifications, allow an approximate determination of the tristimulus values and brightness, respectively, to be performed:

1. The sensitivity curve of a typical silicon detector  $S(\lambda)$  has been taken as a basis.
2. Since the curve of the color-matching function  $\bar{x}(\lambda)$  consists of two adjacent, bell-shaped curves, it can be represented by two selective precision filters, with the following approximation:

$$a_1 \cdot \tau_{x1}(\lambda) + a_2 \cdot \tau_{x2}(\lambda) \approx \frac{\bar{x}(\lambda)}{S(\lambda)},$$

where  $\tau_{x1}(\lambda)$  describes the curve of transmission of the short-wave band, while  $\tau_{x2}(\lambda)$  describes that of the long-wave band. Appropriately, the wavelength-independent constants  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  are determined empirically.

3. The  $\bar{y}(\lambda)$ , and  $\bar{z}(\lambda)$  curves are similar so that but only one filter has been computed for each of both curves.

The conditions set forth below apply to optical filter glass combinations SFK 100A, SFK 101B and SFK 102A exhibiting the spectral transmission factors of  $\tau_{\text{SFK100A}}(\lambda)$ ,  $\tau_{\text{SFK101B}}(\lambda)$ , and  $\tau_{\text{SFK102A}}(\lambda)$ :

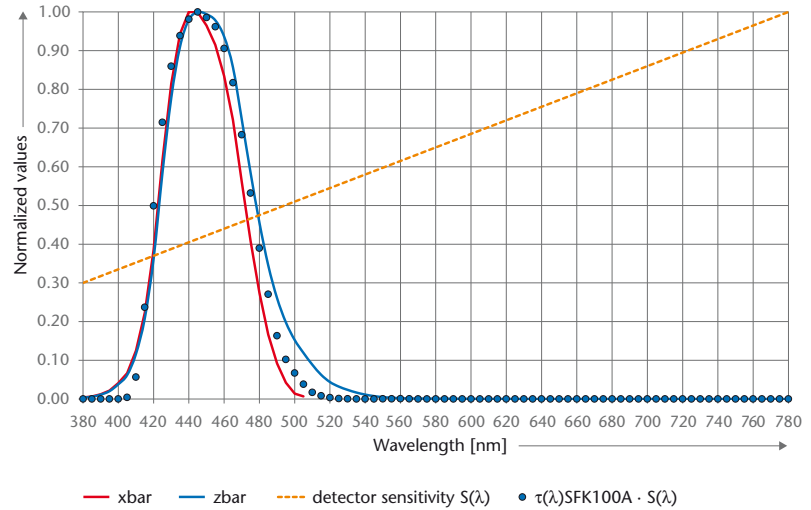
$$a_1 \cdot \tau_{\text{SFK100A}}(\lambda) + a_2 \cdot \tau_{\text{SFK100A}}(\lambda) \approx \frac{\bar{x}(\lambda)}{S(\lambda)}$$

$$b \cdot \tau_{\text{SFK101B}}(\lambda) \approx \frac{\bar{y}(\lambda)}{S(\lambda)} = \frac{V(\lambda)}{S(\lambda)}$$

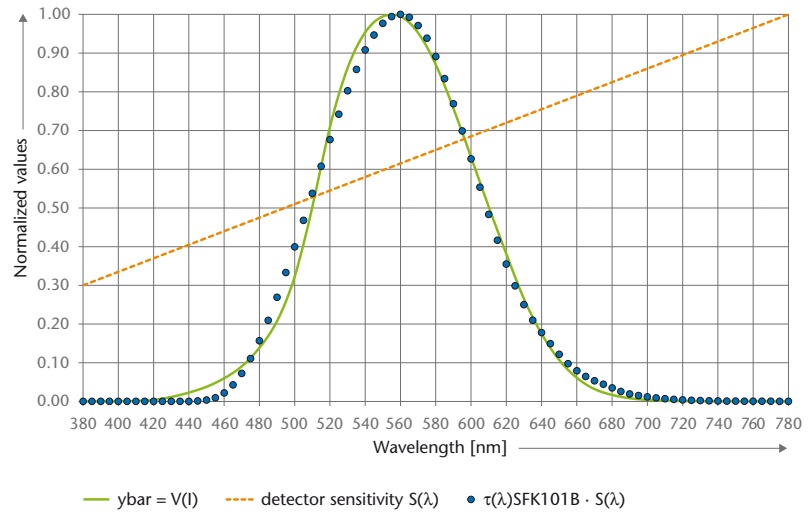
$$c \cdot \tau_{\text{SFK102A}}(\lambda) \approx \frac{\bar{z}(\lambda)}{S(\lambda)}$$

with the wavelength-independent constants  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  to be determined.

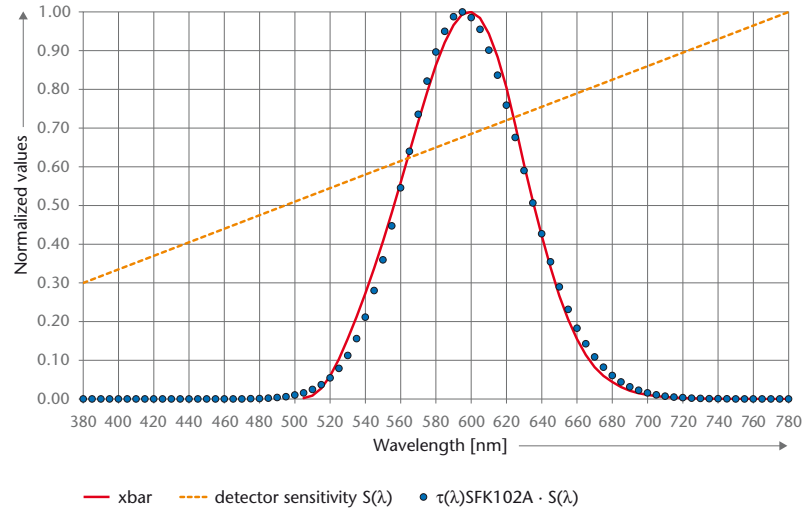
**Fig. 2**  
Optical filter glass combination SFK 100A with  $\tau_{\max} \approx 0.43$  (all curves are normalized to 1).



**Fig. 3**  
Optical filter glass combination SFK 101B with  $\tau_{\max} \approx 0.39$  (all curves are normalized to 1).



**Fig. 4**  
Optical filter glass combination SFK 102A with  $\tau_{\max} \approx 0.08$  (all curves are normalized to 1).



## Filter properties

The optical filter glass combinations' typical degree of adjustment is evident from Figs. 2–4, that also show the curve of spectral sensitivity of the silicon detector. The transmission curves apply to 20°C temperature, and there is a relatively low and mostly negligible temperature dependence. First-rate glass melts are chosen for manufacturing of the filters, and great attention is paid to the blocking of sensitivity ranges not desirable outside the spectral regions marked. Each of the glass filter combinations is cemented with the aid of epoxy resin. The liners withstand temperatures up to 70°C, and can be exposed to up to 100°C for a short time.

In cases of high levels of atmospheric humidity, the use of protective glasses and the embedding in mountings are recommended.

## Delivery and dimensions

Glass filter combinations for colorimetry: SFK 100A, SFK 101B, SFK 102A (these three filters make up one set).

Glass filter combination for brightness measurements: SFK 101B.

Standard dimensions: 50 x 50 mm and 50 mm in diameter.

Dimensional tolerances: +01–0.3 mm

Max. dimension: 100 x 100 mm

Min. dimension: 10 mm in diameter

Max. thickness: 11 mm



## 10. Your global contacts

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