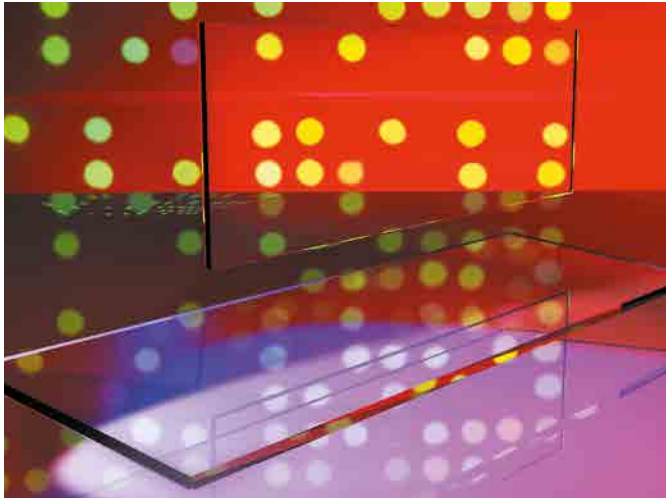


# Epoxysilane coating

NEXTERION® Slide E



## Introduction

NEXTERION® Slide E is the market-leading epoxysilane coated slide from SCHOTT. The slides are manufactured from high quality borosilicate glass that has an ultra flat surface and low inherent fluorescence.

The glass is coated with a multi-purpose epoxysilane layer that will covalently bind most types of bio-molecules including amino- and non-modified DNA, RNA, and proteins. The defect-free surface features a uniform epoxysilane layer that provides a high covalent coupling efficiency together with a very low background.

The slides are easy to use, and are fully compatible with all commercially available arraying and scanning instruments.

Type of coating	Immobilization method	Typical probes	Ordering information			
			NEXTERION® product	Barcode option	Item number	Slides per pack
Epoxysilane 2-D surface	Amino-, thiol- and hydroxyl- reactive chemistry Covalent binding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amino-modified or unmodified oligos, mRNA, PCR and BACs</li> <li>Proteins</li> </ul>	Slide E	None	1066643	25
				Laser	1064016	25

## Suitable probe types

- Amino-modified oligonucleotides 20–70 mers
- Unmodified oligonucleotides 20–70 mers
- Amino-modified PCR products
- ZIP-code oligonucleotides
- PCR products
- BAC/PACs
- L-DNA
- cDNA
- RNA
- Serum samples
- Antibodies
- Peptides
- Glycans

## Key product features

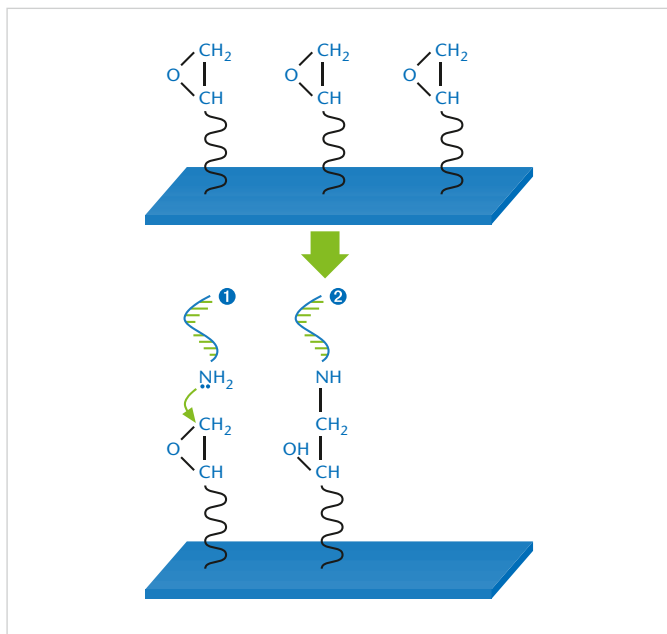
- Covalent and directed binding of DNA and proteins
- Multi-purpose microarray slide coating
- Hydrophobic coating enables the spotting of high-density arrays
- Stability of the epoxy chemistry supports long print runs

## Typical applications

- Transcriptional profiling
- MicroRNA
- Array-CGH
- SNP detection
- ZIP-code universal microarray
- Pathogen identification
- Subtelomere arrays
- Functional protein arrays

## Immobilization chemistry

The diagram shows a schematic representation of an amino-modified DNA molecule coupling to NEXTERION® Slide E. Amino-modified nucleic acids bind via the terminal amino group, as well as via exocyclic amino groups of the bases, and hydroxyl groups of the sugar-phosphate backbone. Unmodified nucleic acids will bind to an epoxysilane surface with almost the same efficiency via the exocyclic amino groups of the bases, and hydroxyl groups of the backbone.



Coating chemistry of NEXTERION® Slide E

Other bio-molecules, such as proteins, bind via their exposed amine-, thiol- and hydroxyl-groups. The reaction with the epoxy group is rapid and irreversible and no additional baking or UV cross-linking steps are required. Any unreacted epoxy group may be chemically deactivated after printing to significantly reduce non-specific binding of the target molecules to the slide surface. Molecular spacers between the glass slide and the epoxy groups facilitate interactions between the printed bio-molecules and their binding partners in solution.

## Product details

### Highly reproducible coating

NEXTERION® Slide E is produced using an innovative proprietary process developed by SCHOTT to produce a uniform and reproducible epoxysilane coating on both sides of a high quality borosilicate glass slide. All slides are individually examined for physical defects and the presence of particles before and after coating. The epoxysilane surface is applied in tightly controlled, class-100 clean room facility, resulting in coated slides with highly uniform surface properties and low auto-fluorescence.

### Fully optimized surface

NEXTERION® Slide E provides excellent spot morphologies and reproducible spot sizes with a variety of commonly used spotting buffers. The surface chemistry is robust and stable, and remains active even during very long print runs. The density of the epoxy groups in the coating is constant over the entire surface of the slides, and has been optimized to provide uniform spot size and shape and optimal binding capacity. Another important parameter, surface hydrophobicity, is also tightly controlled to optimize the performance of the slides with both contact and non-contact printers.

### Packaging and storage

NEXTERION® Slide E are packaged in chemically stable plastic boxes and sealed under an inert atmosphere. The slides are ready-to-use from the box, and are stable for 12 months in the sealed packaging when stored at room temperature.

### Format

The slides are available in packs of 25 slides with optional code 128 barcodes enabling automated sample tracking. The identical epoxysilane coating is also available in multi-well slide and microplate formats. For further information, refer to the section on "Multi-well formats".

### Protocols

Separate NEXTERION® Slide E protocols are available for DNA and protein microarray applications.

## Compatible reagents

Process step	SCHOTT products	Alternatives	Remarks
Spotting	NEXTERION® Spot (1066029)	NEXTERION® Spot + detergents like Cetyltrimethylammonium-bromide, Triton X-100, sarcosyl, Tween or SDS with a final concentration between 0.005 and 0.05 % (to increase the spot size)	<b>Recommended Concentrations:</b> Oligonucleotides: 10–20 µM PCR products: 0.1–0.5 µg/µL
		3x SSC	
		NEXTERION® Spot LE (low evaporation buffer) (composition can be provided)	
Chemical deactivation of unreacted Epoxy groups	NEXTERION® Block E (1066071)	50 mM ethanolamine + 0.1 % SDS in 0.1 M Tris, pH 9.0	
		NEXTERION® Oligo Pre-Hyb (composition can be provided)	
Hybridization	NEXTERION® Hyb (1066075)	3–5x SSC + 0.1 % SDS	No formamide
		NEXTERION® Oligo Hyb (composition can be provided)	Contains formamide
Washing steps	–	NEXTERION® Wash A and B (composition can be provided)	

For customers with probes dissolved in DMSO, please refer to the SCHOTT NEXTERION® Internet site or contact our technical support team for further assistance

### Important information about patents

Using arrays based on SCHOTT NEXTERION® products for dual color analysis on a single array in which at least two different samples are labeled with at least two different labels may require a license under one of the following patents: U.S. patent nos. 5.770.358 or 5.800.992 or 6.225.625 and U.S. patent no. 5.830.645. Manufacturing and use of probe arrays may require a license under the following patents: U.S. patent nos. 6.040.138 or 5.445.934 or 5.744.305 and under the following patents owned by Oxford Gene Technology Ltd. ("OGT"): European patent no. EP 0.373.203, U.S. patent nos. 5.700.637 and 6.054.270 and Japanese patent nos. 3393528 and 3386391 ("The OGT patents"). Other patents may apply. The purchase of NEXTERION® products does not convey any license under any of the OGT patents or any of the other patents referred to. For all applications SCHOTT North America Inc. and SCHOTT Jenaer Glas GmbH make no representation or warranty that the practice of its technology and products or any improvement will not infringe or violate any domestic or foreign patent of any third party. To inquire about licensing under the OGT patents, please contact OGT at [licensing@ogt.co.uk](mailto:licensing@ogt.co.uk).

Distributed by:  
**Applied Microarrays (Dist), LLC.**  
7700 South River Parkway  
Tempe, AZ 85284  
USA  
Phone +1 480-244-9395  
Fax +1 480-775-6184  
nexterion@appliedmicroarrays.com

[www.appliedmicroarrays.com](http://www.appliedmicroarrays.com)

Microarray Solutions  
**SCHOTT North America Inc.**  
5530 Shepherdsville Road  
Louisville, KY 40228  
USA

[www.us.schott.com/nexterion](http://www.us.schott.com/nexterion)

**SCHOTT**  
glass made of ideas